











Undiagnosed Diseases Network: Phase II Applicant Information Webinar

Jyoti Dayal, Laura Mamounas, Tiina Urv, and Anastasia Wise

September 14th, 2017









NIH Outline for Today's Webinar

- 1. Background on the UDN
- 2. UDN Phase II FOAs Overview
- 3. Frequently Asked Questions
- 4. Applicant Questions





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NIH Overall UDN Objectives

- Improve the level of diagnosis and care for patients with undiagnosed diseases
- Facilitate research into the etiology of undiagnosed diseases
- Promote an integrated and collaborative community to investigate these difficult to diagnose diseases













http://udnconnect. org/apply/

Applications Received

Applications Under Review

Applicants Accepted



1798



344



750



491 Clinical Evaluations



Sequencing

(exome and genome)



(fly and fish)

Metabolomics



Working Together 128 Diagnoses

(September 2017)



UDN Manual of Operations (MOO)

- Network-wide Protocol
- Single (Central) IRB
- Data Sharing and Use Agreement



https://undiagnosed.hms.harvard.edu/udn-manual-of-operations/



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Award Budget: \$1.1M direct costs per year in FY18 and FY19, and \$800K direct costs in FY20 and FY21

- Recruit, select, evaluate, and follow participants with disorders in any clinical specialty, adult and pediatric
- Provide a comprehensive clinical evaluation completed within one week of initiation or a time-efficient alternative
- Establish and maintain clinical evaluations at a rate of 30 affected UDN participants per year











8-10 awards anticipated



Award Budget: \$2.9M direct costs per year in FY18 and FY19, \$2.5M direct costs in FY20, and \$1.8M direct costs FY21

- Establish and maintain efficient data systems and infrastructure necessary for timely collection, submission, and analysis of data from the UDN
- Develop a resource for linking UDN participants with researchers
- Award gene function studies to followup on variants identified in the UDN:
 - Infrastructure to support access
 - Methods for data sharing
 - Process for review of research proposal





Award Budget: \$700K direct costs per year in FY18 and FY19, \$550K direct costs in FY20, and \$350K direct costs in FY21

- Establish a Model Organisms Screening Center (MOSC) resource to assist the UDN in evaluating the pathogenicity and preliminary function of human gene sequence variants identified through the UDN
- Develop a creative, innovative screening pipeline with the capacity to analyze approximately 200 UDN gene variants per year, including:
 - bioinformatics approaches for screening and evaluation of variants
 - capacity to evaluate variants in *Drosophila* and zebrafish models <u>at a minimum</u>



 other small animal models or cell-based assays, optionally and as needed, to achieve project goals (up to a maximum of five Resource Cores including *Drosophila* and zebrafish Cores)

NIH MOSC NIH Priorities

- Can best assist the UDN in the diagnosis of UDN participants (i.e., the proband and family members) network-wide
- Proposes innovative strategies e.g., resourceful combinations of bioinformatics tools/genomics resources, model organisms and/or cellbased assays – that can rapidly and efficiently assist the UDN in evaluating the clinical impact of gene variants, including:
 - a screening pipeline and analysis plan that can accommodate the diversity of mutations and clinical phenotypes likely to be encountered by the UDN
 - cutting-edge gene editing/targeting technologies and phenotypic assays that can meet the throughput (~200 variants/year) and turnaround expectations (~6-12 months from variant assignment) of the FOA
- An outstanding, highly qualified team of investigators who are poised to work in a high throughput and interactive/collaborative team environment with the UDN



Award Budget: \$1.2M direct costs per year in FY18 and FY19, \$900K direct costs in FY20, and \$600K direct costs in FY21

- Provide both exomes and genomes in a CAP-accredited and/or CLIA-certified environment
- Provide raw sequence files, exome and/or genome, as decided by the clinical team within a two-week turnaround timeframe. Approximately 1200 participants are anticipated for FY18-19 with a potential ramp down over FY20-21
- Provide CLIA clinical variant report with Sanger validation
- Provide re-analysis of previously sequenced exomes and genomes and re-interpretation as needed for unsolved cases



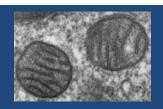


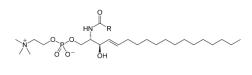
Award Budget: \$500K direct costs for FY18 and 19; \$375K direct costs for FY20; and \$250K direct costs for FY21

- Provide metabolomics clinical expertise and consultation
- Provide specific expertise in at least two of the three areas listed below:
 - a) Glycans
 - b) Lipids
 - c) Mitochondria
- Serve as a conduit for the UDN to access resources and experts with knowledge in metabolomics beyond their own area of expertise
- Providing existing cutting edge analytical methods to examine changes in glycans, lipids and/or mitochondria from a broad range of sample sources

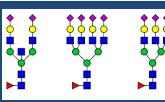


- Identify rare, abnormal and novel metabolites as defined by a participant's disease. The Metabolomics Core is not expected to develop new technology
- Participate in co-interpretation of metabolomics data alongside other data and help identify candidate causal mutations and critical metabolites
- Apply state-of-the-art metabolomics technology and instrumentation for analyzing 75-125 clinical cases (this number includes cases referred to alternate sites with special expertise) per year. Each clinical case may require the testing of multiple samples from participant and additional testing of relatives











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General for all 5 Phase II FOAs





Will applicants be able to read the current UDN protocol?

Yes. Information on the current protocol can be found in the UDN Manual of Operations at:

https://undiagnosed.hms.harvard.edu/udn-manual-ofoperations/

The "Funds Available and Anticipated Number of Awards" budget does not seem to match with the "Award Budget"?

The "Funds Available and Anticipated Number of Awards" is in total costs while the "Award Budget" is in direct costs. Your application budget should not exceed the "Award Budget" in direct costs.



Do direct costs include consortium F&A costs requested by a subcontract?

The direct costs are excluding the consortium F&A costs requested by a subcontract following this Guide Notice: https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-04-040.html

Can a PD/PI on a Clinical Site application also be on a different UDN Phase II application (Coordinating Center, Metabolomics Core, Model Organisms Screening Center, or Sequencing Core) in a role other than PD/PI?

The PD/PI on a Clinical Site application may have any role on a different UDN Phase II application other than PD/PI (or co-PI on a multi-PI application). Funding multiple UDN Phase II awards at the same institution would require that potential conflicts and overlaps be resolved before awards are made.

Applies similarly to all FOAs.

NIH Frequently Asked Question 5

Who can be the PD/PI of a Clinical Site application if the institution is submitting an application for a different UDN Phase II award (Coordinating Center, Metabolomics Core, Model Organisms Screening Center, or Sequencing Core)?

The PD/PI (or co-PI on a multi-PI application) of any other UDN Phase II application may not be the PD/PI (or co-PI on a multi-PI application) of a Clinical Site application. However, other individuals located at the same institution may be the PD/PI on a Clinical Site application. Funding multiple UDN Phase II awards at the same institution would require that potential conflicts and overlaps be resolved before awards are made. Applies similarly to all FOAs.

If submitting a multi-PI application, does each PD/PI need to be well-established in clinical research, sequencing, or metabolomics?

PD/PIs on a multi-PI application must as a team be wellestablished in clinical research, sequencing, or metabolomics as specified in the FOA.

What is expected in a letter of support to document institutional commitment to sustaining the program beyond NIH Common Fund support?

Letters of support should clearly document commitments (including but not limited to staff or monetary commitments) to meet the requirements of the FOA during the period of award. Institutional commitment and willingness to sustain the program beyond NIH Common Fund support should also be indicated, however, a specific monetary commitment level is not required. Additionally, the Sustainability Plan proposed in the Other Attachments section should include the investigators' plan for sustainability as NIH Common Fund funding ramps down.



Model Organisms Screening Center FOA (RM-17-017)



NIH Selected MOSC FAQs

Does each variant assigned to the MOSC require analysis using *all* model organisms available to the Center (e.g., in both *Drosophila* and zebrafish models)?

No. The MOSC should strive to maximize the value and cost-effectiveness of all available resources and funds to assist in the diagnosis of UDN participants.

Do all assigned variants require analysis using wet-lab approaches (i.e., in a model organism or cell-based assay)?

No. The primary screening platform could involve a combination of bioinformatics and/or wet-lab approaches.

Is the MOSC expected to confirm or rule out definitively the pathogenicity of all gene variants assigned to the Center?

No. The MOSC is expected to conduct the initial screen and analysis of candidate UDN gene variants; however, deeper analysis of promising variants may be conducted in collaboration with the other UDN sites.

Sequencing Core FOA (RM-17-016)





Two-week timeframe for returning raw (unassembled) data from start to stop

Begins with the start of DNA sample preparation for sequencing including but not limited to library preparation, enrichment, capture, and cluster generation for exome or genome sequencing, but excluding DNA extraction. The process is complete when raw (unassembled) sequence data has been returned to either the UDN Coordinating Center and/or a UDN Clinical Site.



Expectation for CLIA clinical variant report with Sanger validation

Description of a plan for development of CLIA clinical reports to be delivered to Clinicians (attach an example in appendix)

Budget for additional research sequencing approaches such as RNAseq, ChIP-seq, etc.

Include budget, must fit within the direct costs of the application budget



Re-analysis

Start with original raw data and rerun entire analysis and interpretation pipeline; recommended with a significant pipeline change

Re-interpretation

Review of variant in context of new data in the literature, both new disease gene associations and changes in variant interpretation



Metabolomics FOA (RM-17-015)





Are letters of support from all alternate sites with special expertise necessary?

Letters of support from all alternate sites with special expertise are not necessary, but may be included.

For UDN participant sample workup, will the Metabolomics Core have access to clinical and phenotypic information and the full sequencing data from the respective participants?

Yes, the UDN anticipates considerable communication and collaboration amongst the Metabolomics Core and the Model Organisms Screening Center, the Clinical Sites, and Sequencing Cores in evaluating UDN participants and the putative pathogenicity of any candidate gene variants. Clinical and sequencing data will be shared to the fullest extent possible.

Does the Metabolomics Core need to budget for cases referred to alternate sites with special expertise? Is billing to the Clinical Site or participant allowed?

A plan to meet the FOA expectations of throughput (analysis of approximately 75-125 clinical cases per year including cases referred to alternate sites with special expertise) should be accounted for in the budget. Meeting the FOA expectations should not require billing to the Clinical Sites or participants.



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Letter of Intent Due: October 2, 2017

Application Due: November 2, 2017

Any Questions?







NIH Acknowledgments



Thank you to all the UDN patients and their families!



NIH Acknowledgments



Thank you to all the UDN investigators!



http://undiagnosed.hms.harvard.edu/



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For More Information on the UDN

https://commonfund.nih.gov/Diseases

http://www.genome.gov/27550959

http://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/undiagnosed

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Yong Yao (NIMH)



anastasia.wise@nih.gov



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